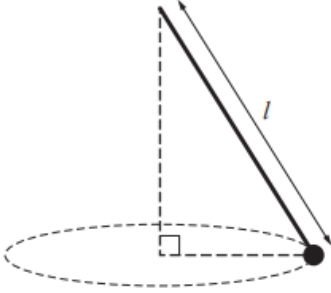
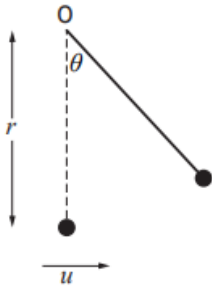


Y	Q	Circular Motion	
19	12	<p>A section of motorcycle track consists of a circular bend of radius <math>r</math> metres banked at an angle <math>\theta^\circ</math> to the horizontal.</p> <p>The minimum speed that a motorcyclist can ride around the bend without slipping is <math>v = \frac{\sqrt{gr}}{10} \text{ ms}^{-1}</math>.</p> <p>(a) Show that the coefficient of friction <math>\mu</math> can be expressed as</p> $\mu = \frac{100 \tan \theta^\circ - 1}{\tan \theta^\circ + 100}.$ <p>The circular bend is banked at an angle of <math>25^\circ</math> to the horizontal and has a radius of 80 m.</p> <p>A motorcyclist approaches the bend at a speed of <math>28 \text{ m s}^{-1}</math>.</p> <p>(b) Determine whether the motorcyclist can travel around the bend at this speed without slipping.</p> <p>On another occasion, a different motorcyclist approaches the same bend at the same speed of <math>28 \text{ m s}^{-1}</math>, but slides off the track.</p> <p>(c) State one possible reason for this outcome and justify your answer.</p>	<p>5</p> <p>4</p> <p>1</p>
18	5	<p>A body of mass <math>m</math> kg is attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length <math>l</math> metres.</p> <p>The other end of the string is fixed and the body is spun in a horizontal circle so that the path of the string forms a conical pendulum, as shown in the diagram.</p>  <p>The angular speed of the body is <math>\omega</math> radians per second.</p> <p>Given that the length of the string is double the radius of the horizontal circle, show that</p> $\omega^2 = \frac{2g}{\sqrt{3}l}.$	5

17	6	<p>A ride at an amusement park consists of a hollow cylinder of radius 3.5 metres which rotates about its vertical axis of symmetry.</p> <div data-bbox="683 297 855 566" style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p>When the angular speed reaches <math>4 \text{ rad s}^{-1}</math> the floor is lowered and a person remains in contact with the inner surface of the cylinder without slipping.</p> <p>What is the minimum coefficient of friction to prevent the person from slipping?</p>	4
17	13	<p>A satellite orbits the Earth at a height of <math>h</math> metres above its surface.</p> <p>(a) If the radius of the Earth is <math>R</math> metres and the acceleration due to gravity experienced at the surface of the Earth is 9 times that experienced at the satellite, find an expression for <math>h</math> in terms of <math>R</math>.</p> <p>(b) If a second satellite is orbiting Earth at a height <math>3R</math> metres above the surface, show that the angular velocity of the second satellite can be expressed as <math>\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{g}{R}}</math>.</p>	4
16	9	<p>A velodrome has a circular track of radius 30 metres, banked at an angle of <math>32^\circ</math> to the horizontal. The coefficient of friction between a bicycle tyre and the track is 0.3.</p> <p>(a) Once the cyclist reaches maximum speed without the bicycle slipping, he cycles for 5 minutes. Assuming he maintains this speed, how many full laps does he complete?</p> <p>(b) Given that air resistance can be ignored and the cyclist is treated as a particle, what other assumption has been made?</p>	6
			1

16	17	<p>A light inextensible string of length <math>r</math> metres has one end attached to a fixed point <math>O</math> and the other end is attached to a particle of mass <math>m</math> kilograms.</p> <p>From its equilibrium position, the particle is given a horizontal velocity <math>u \text{ m s}^{-1}</math>, as shown in the diagram.</p>  <p>(a) (i) Show that the tension, <math>T</math>, in the string can be expressed as</p> $T = \frac{mu^2}{r} + mg(3\cos\theta - 2)$ <p>where <math>\theta</math> is the angle between the string and the downward vertical through <math>O</math>. <span style="float: right;">4</span></p> <p>(ii) Determine a condition for <math>u</math> in terms of <math>r</math> and <math>g</math>, so that the particle executes a complete circle. <span style="float: right;">2</span></p> <p>(b) Given that the value of <math>u</math> is <math>2\sqrt{rg}</math>, find an expression in terms of <math>r</math> for the height of the particle above its starting position when the string goes slack. <span style="float: right;">3</span></p>
16 S	13	<p>The distance of the Earth from the Sun is <math>1.50 \times 10^{11}</math> metres.</p> <p>The distance of Venus from the Sun is <math>1.08 \times 10^{11}</math> metres.</p> <p>Calculate the period of rotation of Venus around the Sun, giving your answer in Earth years.</p> <p>State <b>one</b> assumption you have made when calculating your answer. <span style="float: right;">6</span></p>
16 S	17	<p>A car of mass <math>M</math> kg is travelling with a speed of <math>v \text{ m s}^{-1}</math> round a circular bend of radius 40 metres on a road banked at <math>30^\circ</math> to the horizontal. The coefficient of friction between the car tyres and the road surface is <math>\mu</math>.</p> <p>(a) Show that the square of the maximum speed the car can travel without slipping is given by</p> $v^2 = \frac{392(1 + \sqrt{3}\mu)}{\sqrt{3} - \mu}$ <p>The minimum speed that the car can travel round the bend without slipping is <math>u \text{ m s}^{-1}</math>. <span style="float: right;">5</span></p> <p>(b) Given that <math>v = 3u</math>, calculate the coefficient of friction between the car tyres and the road. <span style="float: right;">6</span></p>