Answers to Revision Paper C	
1	Order the scores 12 16   17 18 18 21 22   26 27 The median is 18, the quartiles are 16.5 and 24. The interquartile range is 24 – 16.5 = 7.5 On average scores were higher in the second round. In the second round scores were less consistent (more varied). OR the scores were more consistent in the first round.
2	$30000 \times (1 - 0.11)^4$ , $30000 \times (0.89)^4 = £18822.6723$ , £ <b>19000</b>
3	$(4x - 7)(x^2 - 3x + 2)$ = 4x <sup>3</sup> - 12x <sup>2</sup> + 8x - 7x <sup>2</sup> + 21x - 14 = 4x <sup>3</sup> - 19x <sup>2</sup> + 29x - 14
4	SV is a tangent to the circle at T, TPQ and TQR are both right-angled triangles $\angle STQ = \angle VTQ = \angle TPQ = \angle TRQ = 90^{\circ}$ $\angle QTR = 90^{\circ} - 68^{\circ} = 22^{\circ},  so \angle TQR = 180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ} - 22^{\circ} = 68^{\circ}$ $\angle TQP = 180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ} - 37^{\circ} = 53^{\circ}$ angle PQR = $\angle TQR + \angle TQP = 121^{\circ}$
5	$s = \frac{1}{2}at^2 \rightarrow 2s = at^2 \rightarrow \frac{2s}{t^2} = a, \ a = \frac{2s}{t^2}$
6	$20 - (5x + 6) \le x + 11, \ 20 - 5x - 6 \le x + 11, \ 3 \le 6x, \qquad x \ge \frac{1}{2}$
7	Gradient is $\frac{75-30}{80-20} = \frac{45}{60}$ The straight line is $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 15 \rightarrow H = \frac{3}{4}G + 15$ or $H = 0.75G + 15$
8	2a + 3c = 55.60   6a + 9c = 166.80   c = 7.90, a = 15.95 3a + 5c = 87.35   6a + 10c = 174.70
	An adult ticket is £15.95 and a child ticket is £7.90.
9	$\frac{5}{x+2} - \frac{4}{x-3} = \frac{5(x-3)}{(x+2)(x-3)} + \frac{4(x+2)}{(x+2)(x-3)} = \frac{9x-7}{(x+2)(x-3)}$
10	$5x + 2y - 20 = 0$ , $2y = -5x + 20$ $y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 20$ . The gradient is $m = -\frac{5}{2}$
11	Form a right-angled triangle x 1.5 1.2
	Using Pythagoras, $1.5^2 - 1.2^2 = 0.81$ , $x = 9$ The width of chord ML is $2 \times 0.9 = 1.8 m$