

2012 Mathematics

Intermediate 2 – Units 1, 2 and 3, Paper 1

Finalised Marking Instructions

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Mathematics Intermediate 2: Paper 1, Units 1, 2 and 3 (non-calc)

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
1	Ans: £1 158 000 000 000 • ¹ process: round correctly	• ¹ 1 158 000 000 000
		1 mark
NOTES:		L

Question	Marking Scheme	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a
No	Give 1 mark for each •	mark at each •
2 (a)	Ans: mark frequency cumulative frequency	
	5 2 2	
	6 5 7	
	7 6 13	
	8 11 24 9 9 33	
	10 2 35	
	• ¹ communicate: table with cumulative frequency column	• ¹ 2,7,13,24,33,35 1 mark
NOTES:		
(b)	Ans: (i) 8 (ii) 7 (iii) 9	
	• ¹ process: state median	• ¹ 8
	\bullet^2 process: state lower quartile	• ² 7
	• ³ process: state upper quartile	• ³ 9 3 marks
NOTES:		
1. When	re the quartiles have been obtained from:	10/2
(1) (ii)	<i>Marks</i> leading to $Q_2 = 7.5$, $Q_1 = 6$, $Q_3 = 9$ <i>Frequency</i> (unordered) leading to $Q_2 = 8.5$, $Q_3 = 5$	$\Omega_{a} = 9$ award 0/3 award 0/3
(iii)	Frequency (ordered) leading to $Q_2 = 5.5$, $Q_1 = 2.5$, $Q_2 = 5.5$, $Q_1 = 2.5$	$a_3 = 9$ award 0/3 $a_3 = 9$
(iv)	<i>Cumulative frequency</i> leading to $Q_2 = 18.5$, $Q_1 = 7$	$, Q_3 = 33$ award 0/3
(c)	Ans:	
	5 6 7 8 9 10	
	• ¹ communicate: correct end points	\bullet^1 end points at 5 and 10
	2	
	• communicate: correct box	• box showing Q_1 , Q_2 , Q_3 2 marks
		1
NOTES:		
1. The	boxplot must be drawn to a reasonable scale	

Question	Marking Scheme	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a
No	Give 1 mark for each •	mark at each ●
3 (a)	 Ans: A(0, 12) •¹ communicate: state coordinates of A 	• ¹ (0, 12) 1 mark
NOTES:		
(b)	Ans: C(3, 8)	
	• ¹ strategy: know to substitute in expression	• ¹ $4x + 3(8) = 36$
	\bullet^2 communicate: state coordinates of C	• ² (3, 8)
		2 marks
NOTES:		
1. For	a correct answer without working	award 2/2

Question	Marking Scheme	Ille	ustratior	ns of evidence for	awarding a
INO	Give 1 mark for each •			mark at each •	
4	Ans: 34°				
	• ¹ process: calculate size of angle OSR	• ¹	90°		
	• ² process: calculate size of angle PSR	• ²	118°		
	• ³ process: calculate size of angle QRS	•3	34°		3 marks
NOTES:					
1 <u>Alte</u>	ernative methods				
ME	ETHOD TWO (USING TRIANGLE ORS)				
\bullet^1	process: calculate size of angle OSR		$ullet^1$	90°	
• ²	process: calculate size of angle SOR		• ²	56°	
• ³	process: calculate size of angle QRS		• ³	34°	
ME	ETHOD THREE (USING TRIANGLE QRS)				
\bullet^1	process: calculate size of angle OSR		$ullet^1$	90°	
• ²	process: calculate size of angle QSR and SQ	R	\bullet^2	28° AND 118°	
•3	process: calculate size of angle QRS		•3	34°	
2. For	a correct answer without working				award 3/3
3. For	marks 1 and 2, angles need not be explicitly state	d. Tł	ney may	be marked on a dia	agram
4. For	the final mark to be awarded, the size of angle Ql	RS m	nust be st	ated explicitly	

Question	Marking Scheme	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a
No	Give 1 mark for each •	mark at each •
5 (a)	Ans: 20 160 \bullet^1 process: coloulate the mean	• 20.160
	• process. calculate the mean	• 20100 1 mark
NOTES:		
(b)	Ans: The median, with reason	
	• ¹ communicate: state median with reason	• ¹ median with reason 1 mark
NOTES:		
1. The reason must refer to the fact that the mean is affected by one very high attendance or that the median is closer to the majority of the attendances		
2. SO	ME COMMON ANSWERS	
"The median because it is close(r) to all except one of the attendances"award 1/1"The median because it is close(r) to most of the numbers"award 1/1"The median because it is close(r) to the numbers"award 0/1		

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
6 (a)	 Ans: 2 and 4 •¹ process: write down roots 	• $x = 2$ AND $x = 4$ 1 mark
NOTES:		
(b)	Ans: A(0,8), B(2,0), C(4,0)	
	\bullet^1 process: state coordinates of A	• 1 A(0, 8)
	\bullet^2 process: state coordinates of B	• ² B(2, 0)
	• ³ process: state coordinates of C	• ³ C(4, 0) 3 marks
NOTES: 1. Incorrect roots in part (a) must be followed through to give the possibility of awarding 2/3 in part (b)		
(c)	Ans: $x = 3$	
	• ¹ process: state equation of axis of symmetry	• $x = 3$ 1 mark
NOTES:		
1. Incorrect co-ordinates for B and C in part (b) must be followed through to give the possibility of awarding full credit in part (c)		

Question	Marking Scheme	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a
NO	Give 1 mark for each •	mark at each •
7	Ans: 10 centimetres	
	• ¹ strategy: substitute into correct formula	$\bullet^1 \qquad 20 = \frac{1}{2} \times a \times 16 \times \frac{1}{4}$
	• ² process: correctly calculate BC	• ² BC = 10 (cm) 2 marks
NOTES:		
1. For 2. For	$(20 = \frac{1}{2} \times a \times 16 \times \sin \frac{1}{4})$ leading to an answer of 1 a correct answer without working	award 1/2 award 0/2
8 (a)	Ans: $(a + b)^2$	
	• ¹ process: factorise $a^2 + 2ab + b^2$	• ¹ $(a+b)^2$ 1 mark
NOTES:		
(b)	Ans: 10 000	
	• ¹ strategy: know to substitute in expression	• ¹ $(94+6)^2$
	• ² process: evaluate expression	• ² 10 000 2 marks
NOTES:		
1.	Alternative method for 1st mark	• ¹ avidanca
2.	For a correct answer without working	award 0/2

Question	Marking Scheme	Illustrations of evidence for awarding
No	Give 1 mark for each •	a mark at each ●
9	Ans: y 2 0 90 180 -2 -2	270 360 x
	• ¹ process: know max/min values	• ¹ graph lies between +2 and -2
	• ² process: show that there is one cycle of sine graph in 360°	\bullet^2 evidence from graph
	• ³ process: negative trig graph correctly drawn	\bullet^3 evidence from graph
		3 marks
NOTES:		
1. D	bisregard poor draughtsmanship	
2. S y y y y y y y y y y	OME COMMON ANSWERS = $-2 \sin x^{\circ}$ = $-2 \cos x^{\circ}$ = $2 \sin x^{\circ}$ = $-\sin 2x^{\circ}$ = $2 \cos x^{\circ}$ = $-\cos 2x^{\circ}$ = $\sin 2x^{\circ}$ = $\cos 2x^{\circ}$	award $3/3$ $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ award $2/3$ $\checkmark \times \checkmark$ award $2/3$ $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ award $2/3$ $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ award $1/3$ $\checkmark \times \checkmark$ award $1/3$ $\times \times \checkmark$ award $1/3$ $\times \times \checkmark$ award $1/3$ $\times \times \times$ award $0/3$ $\times \times \times$

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
10	Ans: 2	
	• ¹ Process: start to simplify	• ¹ $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{4} - \sqrt{6}$ or $\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}$
	• ² Process: simplify	•2 2
		2 marks
NOTES:	L	I

1. For a correct answer without working

= 2

award 0/2

2. CAUTION: The correct answer may be arrived at by an incorrect method, eg $\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}) - \sqrt{6}$ $= \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{5}) - \sqrt{6}$ $= \sqrt{10} - \sqrt{6}$ $= \sqrt{4}$

award 0/2



[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]



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Question	Marking Scheme	Illustrations of evidence for awarding
No	Give 1 mark for each •	a mark at each •
1.	Ans: 12.5 centimetres	
	• ¹ strategy: express arc as fraction of a circle	• ¹ 110/360
	• ² process: correctly calculate length of arc	• ² 12.5 (cm)
		2 marks
NOTES:		
1. Acce	pt 12.5 (12.46 rounded) or 12.4 (12.46 truncated)	
2. For a	correct answer without working	award 0/2
2.	Ans: $3x^3 + x^2 - 28x + 30$	
	• ¹ process: start to multiply out brackets	• ¹ evidence of 3 correct terms (eg $3x^3 + 6x^2 - 18x$)
	• ² process: complete process of multiplying out brackets	• ² $3x^3 + 6x^2 - 18x - 5x^2 - 10x + 30$
	• ³ process: collect like terms which must include x^3	• $3x^3 + x^2 - 28x + 30$
		5 marks
NOTES: 1. Wł ava	nere a candidate has attempted to 'simplify' beyond uilable	the correct answer, the 3 rd mark is not
3.	Ans: 1022 mm ³	
	• ¹ strategy: know to add volumes of cylinder and sphere	• ¹ evidence
	• ² process: substitute correctly into formula	• ² $V = \pi \times 4^2 \times 15 \ (= 753.98)$
	• ³ process: substitute correctly into formula	• ³ $V = \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 4^3 (= 268.08)$
	• ⁴ process: calculate volume correctly	• ⁴ 1022·(06481)
		4 marks
NOTES:		
1. A c	common answer:	
510	$60\left(\pi\times8^2\times15+\frac{4}{3}\times\pi\times8^3\right)$	award 2/4

Mathematics Intermediate 2: Paper 2, Units 1, 2 and 3

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
4.	Ans: -2.9, 0.6	
	• ¹ strategy: know to use quadratic formula	• ¹ $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
	\bullet^2 process: substitute correctly	• ² $x = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{7^2 - 4 \times 3 \times -5}}{2 \times 3}$
	• ³ process: evaluate discriminant	• ³ 109
	• ⁴ process: calculate roots, correct to one d.p.	• ⁴ -2.9, 0.6 4 marks
NOTES:		
1. Wł	here $b^2 - 4ac$ is calculated incorrectly, the fourth matrix	ark is available only if $b^2 - 4ac > 0$
2. For	a correct answer without working	award 0/4

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
5. (a)	Ans: (i) 116 (ii) 16·33	
	• ¹ process: calculate the mean	• ¹ 116
	• ² process: calculate $(x - \overline{x})^2$	• ² 324, 196, 121, 324, 144, 225
	• ³ process: substitute into formula	$\bullet^3 \qquad \sqrt{\frac{1334}{5}}$
	• ⁴ process: calculate standard deviation	• ⁴ $s = 16.33$ (disregard rounding) 4 marks
NOTES:		
1. 1	For use of alternative formula in part (a) (ii), award	l marks as follows
	• process: calculate $\sum x$ and $\sum x^2$	• ² 696 and 82 070
	• ³ process: substitute into formula	• ³ $\sqrt{\frac{82070 - \frac{696^2}{6}}{5}}$
•	⁴ process: calculate standard deviation	• ⁴ 16·33
2. H	For a correct answer without working in part (a) (ii)	award 0/3
(b)	Ans: 1 and 4 (The total score is the same in both matches and in the first match the scores are more spread out.)	
	• ¹ interpret: select one correct statement	• ¹ 1
	• ² interpret: select second correct statement	• ² 4 2 marks
NOTES:		

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
6. (a)	Ans: $6x + 2y = 3148$ • ¹ interpret: interpret the text	• $6x + 2y = 3148$ 1 mark
NOTES:		
(b)	Ans: $5x + 3y = 3022$ • ¹ interpret: interpret the text	• ¹ $5x + 3y = 3022$ 1 mark
NOTES:		L

Question	Marking Scheme	Illustrations of evidence for awarding
No	Give 1 mark for each •	a mark at each •
(c)	Ans: Yes. The group has been overcharged by £10.	
	• ¹ strategy: know to solve system of equations	• ¹ evidence of scaling
	• ² process: follow a valid strategy through to provide a value for x and y	• ² a value for x and y
	• ³ process: correct value for x and y	• ³ $x = 425, y = 299$
	• ⁴ communication: conclusion with evidence	• ⁴ (Yes), the third group has been charged £10 too much
		4 marks
NOTES:		
1. Incorrect equations in parts (a) and (b) must be followed through to give the possibility of awarding 4/4		

- 2. Any valid strategy must involve the use of two equations
- 3. Minimum evidence for fourth mark is £2046 followed by "Yes"

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
7.	Ans: $\frac{a^2 + b^2}{ab}$ • ¹ process: state common denominator • ² process: state answer as single fraction with no subsequent errors	• ab • $\frac{ab}{ab}$ • $\frac{a^2 + b^2}{ab}$ 2 marks
NOTES:		
8.	Ans: 36·9, 323·1	
	• ¹ process: solve equation for $\cos x^{\circ}$	• ¹ $\cos x^{\circ} = 4/5$
	• ² process: find one value for x	• ² 36.9
	• ³ process: find second value for x	• ³ 323.1
		3 marks
 NOTES: 1. Where cos x° is calculated incorrectly, the working must be followed through with the possibility of awarding 2/3 		
2. For	r a correct answer without working	award 0/3

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
9.	Ans: $D = \sqrt{\frac{I}{E}}$	
	\bullet^1 process: start to rearrange	• ¹ $ED^2 = I$
	• ² process: continue	• ² $D^2 = \frac{I}{E}$
	• ³ process: complete	• ³ $D = \sqrt{\frac{I}{E}}$
		3 marks
NOTES: 1. For a correct answer without working award 3/3 2. The third mark is available for taking the square root of an expression for D^2		
3. I	For an answer of $D = \frac{\sqrt{I}}{E}$ with or without w	orking award 2/3

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
10.	 Ans: 0-4 m •¹ strategy: marshall facts and recognise right-angled triangle •² strategy: correct use of Pythagoras' Theorem •³ process: correct calculation 	• ¹ $1 \cdot 9^{-1} \cdot 1^{-1}$ • ² $x^2 = 1 \cdot 9^2 - 1 \cdot 1^2$ • ³ $x = 1 \cdot 55$
	• ⁴ process: calculate depth of oil	• ⁴ 0·35 4 marks
NOTES:		
1. For a	correct answer without working	award 0/4
2. The f	inal mark is for subtracting a calculated value fror	n the radius
3. When fourt	re a candidate assumes an angle of 45° in the right h marks are available	-angled triangle, only the first and
4. SOM	E COMMON ANSWERS (with working): $\overline{)^2 + 1 \cdot 1^2} = 2 \cdot 2$	award 2/4
1.9-	$-\sqrt{2 \cdot 2^2 - 1 \cdot 9^2} = 0 \cdot 8$	award 2/4
11.	Ans: $\frac{x^5}{y^2}$ •1 process: simplify <i>x</i> terms or y terms •2 process: correctly simplify and express with positive indices.	• x^{5} or y^{-2} • $\frac{x^{5}}{y^{2}}$
		2 marks
NOTES:		

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
12.	Ans: 75·3 metres	
	• ¹ strategy: know to apply sine rule to find CP or other valid strategy	• ¹ evidence
	• ² process: correct application of sine rule or other valid strategy	• ² $\frac{CP}{\sin 27^{\circ}} = \frac{89}{\sin 25^{\circ}}$ or
		$\frac{\text{YP}}{\sin 128^\circ} = \frac{89}{\sin 25^\circ}$
	\bullet^3 process: calculate CP or YP	• ³ CP = 95.6 or YP = 165.9
	• ⁴ strategy: know to apply trigonometry to find height of cliff	• ⁴ $\sin 52^\circ = \frac{h}{95 \cdot 6}$ or
		$\sin 27^\circ = \frac{h}{165 \cdot 9}$
	• ⁵ process: calculate height	• ⁵ $h = 75 \cdot 3 \text{ (metres)}$
		5 marks

NOTES:

- 1. Disregard any errors due to premature rounding provided there is evidence
- 2. Variations in CP (or YP) or a wrong value for CP (or YP) must be accepted as a basis for calculating the height
- 3. Where a candidate assumes that C is the midpoint of YF, the last two marks are available for a correct trig calculation
- 4. Where an incorrect trig ratio is used to find the height, the fifth mark is still available
- 5. For a correct answer without working award 0/5

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •
13.	Ans: No, 0.522 > 0.5	
	• ¹ strategy: know how to decrease by 15%	• ¹ 0.85
	• ² strategy: know how to find reduction	• ² 0.85^4
	• ³ process: carry out all calculations correctly	• ³ 0.52200625
	• ⁴ communication: state conclusion with reason	• ⁴ No, $0.522 > 0.5$
		4 marks
NOTES:		
1. For a	In answer of No, $0.522 > 0.5$, with or without work	king, award 4/4
2. Whe the p	re an incorrect percentage has been used, the work ossibility of awarding 3/4	ing must be followed through to give
3. For a	a correct calculation of any number $\times 0.85^4$, the first	st 3 marks should be awarded
4. The	reason must refer to the candidate's answer and 50	%, or the difference between them
5. Whe "yes "yes	re a candidate calculates $4 \times 15\% = 60\%$, for an an 60% is greater than 50%" it is reduced by 60%"	award 1/4 award 0/4
14.	Ans: 1	cin x°
	• ¹ strategy: start to simplify	• ¹ $\frac{\cos x^{\circ} \frac{\sin x}{\cos x^{\circ}}}{\frac{\sin x^{\circ}}{\sin x^{\circ}}}$
		$\sin x^{\circ}$
		$\overline{\sin x^{\circ}}$
		or
		$\frac{\cos x^{\circ} \tan x^{\circ}}{\cos x^{\circ} \tan x^{\circ}}$
	2	
	• process: simplify fully	•~ 1 2 marks
NOTES		
1. Fo	a correct answer without working	award 0/2

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 2 50