## Marking Instructions

These Marking Instructions have been provided to show how SQA would mark this Specimen Question Paper.

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## Part Two: Specific Marking Instructions for each question

|  | Marking scheme <br> Give one mark for each - | Max <br> Mark | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each • |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Ans: $\quad 7 \frac{3}{5}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ start simplification and know how to divide fractions <br> - ${ }^{2}$ consistent answer | 2 | $\cdot \frac{19}{8} \times \frac{16}{5}$ $\bullet^{2} 7 \frac{3}{5} \text { or } \frac{38}{5}$ |
| 2 | Ans: $\quad 2 x^{3}-5 x^{2}-10 x+3$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ three terms correct <br> - ${ }^{2}$ remaining terms correct <br> - ${ }^{3}$ collect like terms | 3 | - 1 eg $2 x^{3}-8 x^{2}+2 x$ <br> -2 eg $3 x^{2}-12 x+3$ <br> - ${ }^{3} 2 x^{3}-5 x^{2}-10 x+3$ |
| 3 | Ans: $\quad 7 \sqrt{2}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ add vectors correctly <br> - ${ }^{2}$ find magnitude <br> - 3 express as surd in simplest form | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \cdot\left(\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ -1 \\ -4 \end{array}\right) \\ & \bullet \sqrt{98} \\ & \bullet^{3} 7 \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | Ans: $\quad x=-5, x=1.5$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ one correct factor <br> - ${ }^{2}$ correct factorisation <br> - ${ }^{3}$ solve equation | 3 | - $1 \quad x+5$ or $2 x-3$ <br> - ${ }^{2}(x+5)(2 x-3)$ <br> -3 $x=-5, x=1 \cdot 5$ |


| 5 |  | Ans: $\frac{2 \sqrt{6}}{3}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ know how to rationalise denominator <br> - ${ }^{2}$ consistent answer | 2 | $\text { -1 } \frac{4}{\sqrt{6}} \times \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}}$ $\cdot \frac{2 \sqrt{6}}{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | a | Ans: $\quad y=2 x+1$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ find gradient <br> -2 substitute gradient and $(11,23)$ or $(17,35)$ into $y-b=m(x-a) \text { or }$ $y=m x+c$ <br> -3 state equation of line in simplest form | 3 | - ${ }^{1} \quad m=2$ <br> - ${ }^{2}$ eg $y-23=2(x-11)$ <br> or $23=2 \times 11+c$ <br> - ${ }^{3}$ $\begin{aligned} & y=2 x+1 \text { or } \\ & 2 x-y+1=0 \\ & \text { or equivalent } \end{aligned}$ |
| 6 | b | Ans: $\quad 2 \times 8+1=17$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ use equation to calculate sports score | 1 | - ${ }^{1} 2 \times 8+1=17$ |
| 7 | a | Ans: $\quad x^{-1}+x^{0}$ or equivalent <br> - ${ }^{1}$ multiply $x^{1 / 2} \times x^{-3 / 2}$ correctly <br> -2 multiply $x^{1 / 2} \times x^{-1 / 2}$ correctly | 2 | - $x^{-1}$ <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad x^{0}$ or 1 |
| 7 | b | Ans: $\quad \mathbf{1} \frac{1}{6}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ find exact value of expression | 1 | - ${ }^{1} 1 \frac{1}{6}$ or $\frac{7}{6}$ |
| 8 |  | Ans: $\quad v=\sqrt{\frac{2 p}{m}}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ multiply by 2 <br> - ${ }^{2}$ divide by $m$ <br> -3 square root | 3 | - ${ }^{1} m v^{2}=2 p$ <br> - $v^{2}=\frac{2 p}{m}$ <br> - $3 v=\sqrt{\frac{2 p}{m}}$ |


| 9 | a | Ans: $\quad y=(x-4)^{2}+3$ <br> - ${ }^{1} p$ correct <br> - ${ }^{2} q$ correct | 2 | - $1 y=(x-4)^{2}$ <br> -2 $y=(x-4)^{2}+3$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | b | Ans: insert correct diagram <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct shape and position <br> -2 coordinates of $y$-intercept shown <br> - ${ }^{3}$ coordinates of turning point shown | 3 | - ${ }^{1}$ parabola with minimum turning point in first quadrant <br> - ${ }^{2}(0,19)$ <br> - ${ }^{3}(4,3)$ |
| 10 | a | Ans: $\quad \mathbf{3 f + 4 r}=\mathbf{1 8 5}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ construct equation | 1 | -1 $3 f+4 r=185$ |
| 10 | b | Ans: $\quad \mathbf{2 f + 3 r}=\mathbf{1 3 0}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ construct equation | 1 | -1 $2 f+3 r=130$ |
| 10 | c | Ans: restricted pass costs $\mathbf{f 2 0}$ full pass costs $£ 35$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ evidence of scaling <br> - ${ }^{2}$ calculate $r$ or $f$ <br> - ${ }^{3}$ communicate answer | 3 | - ${ }^{1} 6 f+8 r=370$ <br> $6 f+9 r=390$ <br> - ${ }^{2} r=20$ or $f=35$ <br> - 3 restricted pass costs $£ 20$ full pass costs $£ 35$ |
| 11 |  | Ans: $\frac{x-22}{(x+2)(x-4)}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct common denominator <br> - ${ }^{2}$ correct numerator <br> - 3 simplify | 3 | - ${ }^{1}(x+2)(x-4)$ <br> - $2(x-4)-3(x+2)$ <br> -3 $\frac{x-22}{(x+2)(x-4)}$ |


| 12 | a | Ans: $\quad r-5$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ state expression | 1 | - ${ }^{1} \quad r-5$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | b | Ans: $\quad \mathbf{1 0 . 6} \mathbf{~ c m}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct use of Pythagoras' theorem <br> - ${ }^{2}$ expand bracket <br> - ${ }^{3}$ solve equation | 3 | - $r^{2}=(r-5)^{2}+9^{2}$ <br> - $r^{2}=r^{2}-10 r+25+81$ <br> - ${ }^{3} \quad r=10 \cdot 6$ |

Total Marks for Paper 1 - 40
[END OF SPECIMEN MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]

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Part Two: Specific Marking Instructions for each question

| Question |  | Marking scheme Give one mark for each - | Max mark | Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each • |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | Ans: $\quad \mathbf{8 5} \cdot \mathbf{1 6 9}$ miles <br> - ${ }^{1}$ multiplying factor <br> -2 power of 3 <br> -3 answer | 3 | - $1 \cdot 15$ <br> $\bullet^{2} \quad 1 \cdot 15^{3}$ <br> - ${ }^{3} \quad 85 \cdot 169$ or $85 \cdot 17$ or $85 \cdot 2$ or 85 |
| 2 |  | Ans: $\quad 1.65 \times 10^{9}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct method <br> - ${ }^{2}$ answer | 2 | - $1 \quad 3 \times 10^{5} \times 5 \cdot 5 \times 1000$ <br> - $2.65 \times 10^{9}$ |
| 3 | a | Ans: $\quad \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ answer | 1 | - $^{1} \mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a}$ |
| 3 | b | Ans: 2(b - a) <br> - ${ }^{1}$ answer | 1 | - ${ }^{1}$ 2(b-a) |
| 4 |  | Ans: - 4 <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct substitution into equation <br> - ${ }^{2}$ state value of $k$ | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet^{1}-16=k \times 2^{2} \\ & \bullet^{2}-4 \end{aligned}$ |
| 5 |  | Ans: $\quad 9.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct application of cosine rule for $P^{2}$ <br> - ${ }^{2}$ correct value for $\mathrm{PR}^{2}$ <br> -3 answer | 3 | - $8^{2}+3^{2}-2 \times 8 \times 3 \times \cos 120^{\circ}$ <br> - $2 \quad 97$ <br> - ${ }^{3}$ 9.8(488.....) |


| 6 |  | Ans: $870 \mathrm{~cm}^{\mathbf{3}}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ know how to calculate volume of toy <br> -2 substitute correctly into formula for volume of hemisphere <br> -3 substitute correctly into formula for volume of cone <br> - calculate volume correctly <br> - 5 round to 2 significant figures | 5 | -1 add volume of cone and volume of hemisphere <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 6^{3}$ <br> ( $=452 \cdot 389 \ldots$..) <br> - ${ }^{3} \quad \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 6^{2} \times 11$ <br> ( $=414 \cdot 690 \ldots$...) <br> - ${ }^{4}$ 867•079... <br> - 5870 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 |  | Ans: $\quad £ 387 \cdot 50$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ know that $120 \%=465$ <br> - ${ }^{2}$ know to divide 465 by 1.2 <br> - ${ }^{3}$ answer | 3 | - ${ }^{1} \quad 120 \%=465$ <br> - ${ }^{2} 100 \%=465 \div 1 \cdot 2$ <br> - ${ }^{3} \quad 387 \cdot 50$ |
| 8 | a | Ans: $\quad$ mean $=21$ <br> standard deviation $=2.1$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ calculate mean <br> - ${ }^{2}$ start to calculate standard deviation <br> -3 answer | 3 | $\bullet^{1} \quad 21$ <br> - 2 as far as $\Sigma(x-\bar{x})^{2}=22$ or $\Sigma x^{2}=2668$ <br> - 2.0976 |
| 8 | b | Ans: two valid statements <br> - ${ }^{1}$ compare means <br> - ${ }^{2}$ compare standard deviations | 2 | - ${ }^{1}$ Machine $A$, on average, packs more sprouts into a bag <br> -2 The number of sprouts packed in a bag by Machine A is more consistent |


| 9 |  | Ans: $\mathbf{4 \cdot 1 4 7 2}$ litres $\bullet \bullet^{1}$ find linear scale factor $\bullet \bullet^{2}$ find volume scale factor $\bullet$ • calculate volume | 3 | - ${ }^{1} \frac{36}{15}(=2 \cdot 4)$ <br> - $2\left(\frac{36}{15}\right)^{3}\left(=2 \cdot 4^{3}=13 \cdot 824\right)$ <br> $\cdot^{3} 4 \cdot 1$ or $4 \cdot 15$ or $4 \cdot 147$ or 4. 1472 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | a | Ans: half of [2-(-4)] graph moved down 1 <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct explanation of 3 <br> -2 correct explanation of -1 | 2 | - ${ }^{1}$ half of [2-(-4)], or equivalent <br> - ${ }^{2}$ graph of $y=\cos x^{\circ}$ moved down 1, or equivalent |
| 10 | b | Ans: $\quad \mathbf{7 0 . 5} \mathbf{5}^{\circ}, \mathbf{2 8 9} \cdot 5^{\circ}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ form equation <br> -2 rearrange equation <br> - ${ }^{3}$ find one value <br> - ${ }^{4}$ find second value | 4 | - ${ }^{1} 3 \cos x^{\circ}-1=0$ <br> - ${ }^{2}$ as far as $\cos x^{\circ}=\frac{1}{3}$ <br> - $30 \cdot 5$ <br> -4 $289 \cdot 5$ |
| 11 | a | Ans: $1536 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct fraction of area <br> - ${ }^{2}$ correct formula <br> -3 all calculations correct | 3 | $\begin{array}{ll} \bullet & \frac{110}{360} \\ \bullet & \frac{110}{360} \times \pi \times 40^{2} \\ \bullet^{3} & 1535 \cdot 8 \ldots \end{array}$ |
| 11 | b | Ans: 175 cm <br> - ${ }^{1}$ correct fraction of circumference <br> - ${ }^{2}$ correct formula <br> -3 all calculations correct | 3 | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { •1 } \frac{250}{360} \\ \bullet & \frac{250}{360} \times \pi \times 80 \\ \bullet & 174 \cdot 5 \ldots \end{array}$ |


| 12 |  | Ans: $\quad \boldsymbol{p}>\frac{1}{3}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ know to use discriminant <br> -2 correct values of $a, b$ and $c$ <br> - ${ }^{3}$ form correct inequation <br> -4 solve inequation | 4 | - ${ }^{1} b^{2}-4 a c$ <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad a=p, b=-2, c=3$ <br> - ${ }^{3} 4-12 p<0$ <br> - $4 \quad p>\frac{1}{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | a | Ans: $\quad 29^{\circ}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ calculate angle CDH <br> -2 correct use of sine rule <br> -3 rearrange equation <br> - ${ }^{4}$ find angle CDH | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet 130^{\circ} \\ & \bullet^{2} \frac{50}{\sin \mathrm{CDH}}=\frac{79}{\sin 130^{\circ}} \\ & \bullet^{3} \sin \mathrm{CDH}=\frac{50 \sin 130^{\circ}}{79} \\ & \bullet^{4} \quad 29^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |
| 13 | b | Ans: $249^{\circ}$ <br> - ${ }^{1}$ use alternate angle <br> -2 find correct bearing | 2 | -1 angle alternate to given bearing $=40^{\circ}$ <br> - ${ }^{2} \quad 249^{\circ}$ |

Total Marks for Paper 2 - 50
[END OF SPECIMEN MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]

