

## 200 Exam Questions & Answers

<b>21</b> Show that $(x - 1)$ is a factor of $x^3 - 3x + 2$ . Hence or otherwise factorise $x^3 - 3x + 2$ fully.	
<b>22</b> $2x^2 + 4x + 7$ is expressed in the form $2(x + p)^2 + q$ . What is the value of $q$ .	
<b>23</b> If $\log_4 12 - \log_4 x = \log_4 6$ , what is the value of $x$ ?	
<b>24</b> Solve $2\cos x = \sqrt{3}$ for $x$ , where $0 \leq x < 2\pi$ .	
<b>25</b> If the exact value of $\cos x$ is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ , find the exact value of $\cos 2x$ .	
<b>26</b> Given that $f(x) = (4 - 3x^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ on a suitable domain, find $f'(x)$ .	
<b>27</b> Find the coordinates of the stationary points on the curve $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 2$ and determine their nature.	
<b>28</b> Find $\int \left( 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-3} \right) dx$ , where $x > 0$ .	
<b>29</b> The graph of $y = f(x)$ passes through the point $\left( \frac{\pi}{9}, 1 \right)$ . If $f'(x) = \sin(3x)$ express $y$ in terms of $x$ .	
<b>30</b> Write $\sin x - \cos x$ in the form $k \sin(x - a)$ stating the values of $k$ and $a$ where $k > 0$ and $0 \leq a \leq 2\pi$ .	